RUDOLF STEINER

A Theosophist who later founded Anthroposophy, an esoteric spiritual movement with roots in German idealist philosophy, Theosophy, Rosicrucianism, and Gnosticism.

C.W. LEADBEATER

Prominent member of the Theosophical Society who was best known for his clairvoyant observations and teachings.
Krishnamurti was one of his pupils.

H.S. OLCOTT

Co-founder and first
President of the Theosophical
Society. Olcott helped restore
Buddhism and Hinduism to
India and South Asia.

W.Q. JUDGE

Co-founder of the
Theosophical Society. Served
as President of the American
Section and VP of the
International Section.

ANNIE BESANT

President of the
Theosophical Society
who campaigned for
Indian independence
throughout her entire
career.

H.P. BLAVATSKY

Co-founder of the Theosophical
Society in New York in 1875;
established with Olcott (1882), the
International Headquarters,
Adyar, Chennai. Authored Isis
Unveiled, The Secret Doctrine,
The Voice of the Silence,
etc.

KATHERINE TINGLEY

Established the Universal
Brotherhood and
Theosophical Society and
founded the Lomaland
community, with its Raja
Yoga School and School
of Antiquity.

The Founders Theosophy

Theosophy is a new religious movement, though not a religion, that draws upon occultism, Western Esotericism, Neoplatonism, Hinduism, and Buddhism. The modern Theosophy movement was established in 1875, and H.P. Blavatsky wrote that there are two Theosophies: the first of which is connected with the use and development of spiritual wisdom; and the second is a body of teachings which leads to the realization of truth. The motto of The Theosophical Society is, "There is no Religion Higher than Truth."

For more information about Theosophy and its leaders, please visit:

- <u>Theosophy and Perennial Wisdom Traditions</u>, part of SDSU's Perennial Wisdom Resources in Special Collections Libguide
- SDSU's Perennial Wisdom Resources Online Exhibit